



CONVERSATIONS TOWARDS AN EQUITABLE PRACTICE

29 April 2019 / Recruitment and Retention

COMMON THEMES

- Implicit bias can be combated by using a consistent methodology for interviewing and evaluating candidates
- Implicit bias training is desired for firm leadership
- Mentorship and flexible work hours help retain talent
- A range of project types is attractive to candidates
- It is important the path for promotion and leadership is clear to employees
- Employees want to feel valued for their work
- Rather than looking for candidates that “fit” the culture, look for candidates that “enhance” the culture

NOTES BY GROUP

Group 1:

- Reasons cited for being attracted to a firm/position
 - Strong leadership, diverse staff
- Inclusion
 - Concerns: lack of equity in opportunities, pay, and promotion – can be the catalyst for leaving the profession
 - Strategies for improvement
 - Reshape the experience for others coming in
 - Leadership understanding the entire firm’s culture
 - Prevent “off-ramping” by providing support
- Strategies for retention

- Training at all levels
 - Implicit bias
 - Bystander interaction
- Office Culture & Transparency
 - Consider what is the office culture(s)
 - Consider how the office articulates its culture to potential candidates
 - Improve messaging within the firm

Group 2:

- What retains employees
 - Diversity of work and challenges (project types and responsibilities)
 - Care for well-being for staff -- work/life balance
 - Flexibility with schedule
 - Career growth support and opportunities for advancement
 - Values-based work
 - Opportunities for employees to feel like they can “be themselves”
- Hiring Process
 - Look beyond traditional hiring pools and internal or word of mouth candidates
 - Internships can provide people from different backgrounds to gain exposure to a company and vice versa
 - Encourage hiring from different schools, look at HBCUs (historically black colleges and universities)
 - Recruiting services can sometimes be more challenging
- Fit & Culture
 - Collaborative profession – we want to work with people we enjoy working with
 - Sometimes the “different” person is key to a project team’s success
 - Important to promote a wide range of skill sets, not just a specific personality type (ie the outgoing person)
 - Ask candidates about their goals and expectations
- Recognition and promotions
 - Promotion is an indication of being valued by employer

- Consider how to recognize the contributions of great architects that are not on the leadership track
- Different roles and opportunities (IT, graphics) and associates
- If the path to leadership is undefined beware of slipping into the “old boys’ club”
- Consider if project management always required for advancement
- Purpose of promotion
 - Recognition
 - Pay
 - Feeling like your work is adding value to the project/firm
 - Separation of bonuses from promotion (used to be connected to title, now tied to responsibility)

Group 3:

- Consider how values change over the course of a career
 - Family obligations
 - The perceived expectations for a single person are different than those for someone with a family
- Unequal repercussion and rewards for “team players” versus those who leave at the close of business hours
- Expectations from leadership: “Go home!” Vs “I need 20 things by tomorrow”
- Interviewing perspective hires
 - Whole project team present (or available) to establish culture
 - Transparent expression of firm culture
 - Proactive value alignment

Group 4:

- What attracts people to their current position/firm
 - Project type
 - Flexible hours and/or the ability to work remotely
 - Family atmosphere and fun activities (ie recognizing birthdays)
- Defining the “Dream job”
 - Having flexibility while maintaining the opportunity for advancement
 - Contributing to the future of the company

- See projects from start to finish
- Seeing people in management that are similar (ie women, parents, keeping flexible/balanced schedules)
- Hiring
 - Most firms typically have 1 – 2 interviews
 - Sometimes an entire firm will meet a candidate
 - Inconsistencies with interview styles within a single firm
 - Number of people present
 - Types of questions asked
 - Example of firm standardizing interview structure
 - Step 1 –HR/supervisor weeds through candidate pool
 - Step 2 – interview with firm leaders
 - Step 3a – interview with firm principals (final vetting step, but pretty confident the candidate will be offered the job)
 - Step 3b – Interview with BIM manager for BIM knowledge/experience verification
 - Gender bias: Women versus men fitting skill set
 - Job postings: women are often deterred from applying if they feel they do not satisfy all criteria
 - Interviewing: employers’ bias that men will figure out missing skills, but women will not
 - Blind resume review to encourage diversity and minimize bias
- Strategies for Retention
 - Mentorship
 - Clear path to leadership and/or clear future with the firm
 - Transparency (salary, bonus, firm profitability)
 - Offer continuing education opportunities

Group 5:

- Understanding why people leave
 - Survey to understand why people leave
 - Some people are not honest in exit interview
 - People leave when they don’t feel included

- Strategies for addressing retention
 - Target action items when issues arise and manage change quickly
 - How does everyone feel heard?
 - Clear path to career progress/promotion
 - Clear message about how projects are staffed
 - Consider how women can be the hardest on other women
 - Younger women do not necessarily know what it was like for older women in the profession
 - Desire to see leaders that “look like me” – greater diversity in leadership
 - Mentorship
- Focus groups within the firm
 - Culture group: tackles difficult conversations
 - HR group: formal training on implicit bias
- Recruiting and implicit bias
 - Remove name from resume
 - Even the playing field as much as possible
 - Standardize interview questions
 - Maintain consistency
 - Educate everyone on the interview team on implicit bias
 - Collect consistent feedback
 - Online forms that prompts interview questions and ranking candidate
 - Self-analysis of ranking to see if there are patterns of bias
- Reaching a diverse talent pool while they’re young in order to diversify the pipeline
 - ACE Mentor Program <https://www.acementor.org/>
 - Hip Hop – elementary and middle school kids camp where professionals come to mentor
<http://hiphoparchitecture.com/>

Groups 6 and 8:

- Primary drivers for leaving the profession
 - Economy
 - Different design objectives
 - Career pinch points
 - Inability to make payroll

- Company growth and challenging cultures
- Mentorship and Retention
 - Finding a good mentor and/or advocate at larger firms
 - Pairing individuals with higher-ups
 - Smaller formats, setting up meetings with principals
 - Opening more channels to leadership
 - Working in teams and fostering relationships
 - Mentee should be proactive in mentor selection
- Addressing Inclusion
 - Trainings and allowing difficult conversations
 - Establishing “Vocab 101” and bringing in an outside facilitator
 - Assumptions are born when transparency is lacking
 - Rather than looking for candidates that “fit” the culture, look for candidates that “enhance” the culture
 - Finding a way to compete with unconscious bias in hiring process
 - Visa process for new hires
 - Random process for visa selection is a challenge
 - Consider how this affects diversity
 - A financial consideration
 - Consider the track to motherhood and unconscious bias
 - Rigid adherence to 9 – 5 hours leads to a retention problem
 - If working from home there must be employee trust
 - Consider half-day Fridays
 - Opportunities for flexibility
- How firms seek candidates
 - Vertical movement is preferred
 - Attempt to cast a wider net
 - AIA job listings
 - Consider “hire-backs” – people returning
 - “post & pray”
 - Establishing relationships with more diverse organizations

- Starting the Equity/Inclusion Conversation
 - Training at the leadership level
 - Using “JUST” as a kick-off and identifying key areas to improve <https://living-future.org/just/>
- Company Culture – what’s critical and how it’s changing
 - Open dialogue – transparency
 - Compensation transparency

Group 7:

- What people are looking for in a position/firm
 - Perceived culture
 - Different types of work/opportunities
 - Professional female presence
 - Inclusive and friendly environment
 - Feeling that everyone has a voice and a say in their professional path
 - Lack of egos
 - Openness to do more
 - Constantly being challenged
- Early Career: what would have helped in the day-to-day?
 - Being linked into the larger project and understanding why specific tasks matter
 - Having ownership over different tasks
 - Co-worker relations
 - Mentorship
- Changing Values
 - Valuing people over projects
 - Shared values about the work
 - Valuing flexibility and greater respect for team members’ time
 - Personal autonomy
- Recruitment – what the firm communicates externally
 - Social media
 - Open communication of current employees
 - Branding on website: communicate versus advertise
 - Culture guide: passed along with job offer

- How firms address inclusion
 - Diversified interviews
 - Family events/ care of employees' families (especially out of office events)
 - Visa sponsorship
 - Upfront transparency and educated clarification

THANK YOU FROM YOUR SESSION LEADERS



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